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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/537,831	06/08/2005	Seong-Hwan Lee	0630-2330PUS1	8642
2292 7	590 04/17/2006		EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH PO BOX 747			WALBERG, TERESA J	
	FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3753	
			DATE MAILED: 04/17/2000	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			e			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Server		10/537,831	LEE ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Teresa J. Walberg	3753			
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address			
WHIII - External afternal - If No - Fail Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES on time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 or SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, or reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MO , cause the application to become A	ICATION. I reply be timely filed INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_·				
2a) <u></u>						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	tion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.				
'=	5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected.					
·						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)[_]	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicat	tion Papers					
,	The specification is objected to by the Examine					
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 June 2005</u> is/are: a)		•			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
44)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)[The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action of form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)) All b) Some * c) None of:					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	n received in this National Stage			
*	application from the International Bureau	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	t raceived			
	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies no	t received.			
			•			
Attachmei	nt(s)		•			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/8/05.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.

6) Other: _

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

DETAILED ACTION

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Tomotake (JP 11-189,999).

Tomotake discloses a heat exchanger as claimed including heat exchange plates laminated at regular intervals (Fig. 1), first and second air passages (Fig. 1), and first and second corrugation plates (Fig. 1), the heat exchange plates being made of porous paper (see abstract).

3. Claims 1, 6, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yokoya et al (6,019,170).

Yokoya et al disclose a heat exchanger (col. 6, lines 62-63) as claimed including heat exchange plates (2) laminated at regular intervals (Fig. 1), first and second air passages (A and B), and first and second corrugation plates (Fig. 3), the heat exchange plates being made of porous paper (see col. 10, lines 40-46), and the corrugation plates being made of an aluminum material (col. 14, line 17-20).

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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Art Unit: 3753

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 2, 3, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tomotake (JP 11-189,999).

Tomotake discloses a heat exchanger as claimed with the exception of the type of paper used being "Korean paper". However, the paper used in the heat exchanger of Tomotake appears to be substantially similar to that claimed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use any desired type of paper in the heat exchanger of Tomotake, based on the exact moisture exchange characteristics desired and based on what papers were available.

6. Claims 4, 5, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tomotake (JP 11-189,999) in view of Takao (3,982,981).

Tomotake discloses a heat exchanger as claimed with the exception of the type of paper used including bast fiber of paper mulberry. However, Takao teaches the use of mulberry fibers (col. 2, line 14) for making paper used in heat exchangers (col. 1, line 9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of Takao to use mulberry paper in the heat exchanger of Yokoya et al, the motivation being to obtain improved paper characteristics as taught by Takao.

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7. Claims 2, 3, 8, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yokoya et al. (6,019,170).

Tomotake discloses a heat exchanger as claimed with the exception of the type of paper used being "Korean paper". However, the paper used in the heat exchanger of Tomotake appears to be substantially similar to that claimed. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use any desired type of paper in the heat exchanger of Tomotake, based on the exact moisture exchange characteristics desired and based on what papers were available.

8. Claims 4, 5, 10, and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yokoya et al. (6,019,170) in view of Takao (3,982,981).

Tomotake discloses a heat exchanger as claimed with the exception of the type of paper used including bast fiber of paper mulberry. However, Takao teaches the use of mulberry fibers (col. 2, line 14) for making paper used in heat exchangers (col. 1, line 9). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art in view of Takao to use mulberry paper in the heat exchanger of Yokoya et al, the motivation being to obtain improved paper characteristics as taught by Takao.

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Lee teaches a Korean paper made of mulberry bark (col. 6, line 46-48).

Mita is cited to show a pulp production process. Fukami et al, Takahashi et al,

Akita et al, and Bergh et al are cited to show heat exchanger structure.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Teresa J. Walberg whose telephone number is 571-272-4790. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 - 5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Keasel can be reached on 571-272-4929. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Total Mulling
Teresa J. Walberg
Primary Examiner

Art Unit 3753